**SAFETY DATA SHEET** 

560751

**Dye Stain Pewter** 



Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier	: Dye Stain Pewter	
Product code	: Not available.	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	: Paint for wood.	
Manufacturer	: General Finishes 2462 Corporate Circle East Troy, WI 53120 U.S.A. Phone no.: 262-642-4545 Toll free no.: 1-800-783-6050 Fax no.: 262-642-4707 Web: GeneralFinishes.com	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC, U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887 (24/7)	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: No signal word.
Hazard statements	: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	<u>5</u>
Prevention	: P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.





### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

- Other means of identification
- : Mixture
- : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1 - 5	112-34-5
Chromium	0.001 - 0.1	7440-47-3

United States: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

Canada: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.	
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		

moor important of inpromotor dotto and dolayou				
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Over-exposure signs/symptoms				
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			





## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It ma be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO <sub>2</sub> .
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up





### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **United States**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor
Chromium	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Cr) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours.

#### <u>Canada</u>

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor
Chromium	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	8 hrs OEL: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cr) 8 hours. Form: Inorganic
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	TWAEV: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Tel: +1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) www.kmkregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.ghssmart.com



# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	<b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b> STEL: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Cr) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Cr) 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	<ul> <li>Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.</li> </ul>
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
Individual protection measu	ires
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Gray.
Odor	: Slight
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 8 to 9
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.



Tel : +1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) www.kmkregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.ghssmart.com



# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not	available.
Vapor pressure	: Not	available.
Vapor density	: Not	available.
Relative density	: 1.00	03
Solubility	: Not	available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not	available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not	available.
Viscosity	: Not	available.
VOC content	: 108	.540 g/L
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not	available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Protect from freezing.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		2700 mg/kg 4500 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg 20 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

**Classification** 



# Section 11. Toxicological information

	Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
	Chromium	-	3	-
R	eproductive toxicity			
٦	There is no data available.			
I	<u>eratogenicity</u>			
٦	There is no data available.			
<u>S</u>	pecific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single ex</u>	<u>(posure)</u>	
٦	There is no data available.			
<u>S</u>	pecific target organ toxicit	<u>y (repeated</u>	exposure)	
٦	There is no data available.			
A	spiration hazard			
Т	There is no data available.			
Inf	ormation on the likely	• Dermal (	contact Eve	e contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
	utes of exposure	. Definary		
<u>Po</u>	tential acute health effects			
E	ye contact	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
Ir	halation	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
S	kin contact	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
Ir	ngestion	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
0	www.towoo.wollotool.to_the_why.v	siegt ober		
	mptoms related to the physical sectors and the physical sectors and the sectors are sectors and the sectors are sectors and the sectors are sectors ar			
	ye contact nhalation		•	nt effects or critical hazards.
	kin contact		-	nt effects or critical hazards.
			-	nt effects or critical hazards.
, II	ngestion	INO KHOW	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
De	layed and immediate effect	ts and also	<u>chronic ef</u>	fects from short and long term exposure
<u>S</u>	hort term exposure			
	Potential immediate effects	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
	Potential delayed effects	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
L	<u>ong term exposure</u>			
	Potential immediate effects	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
	Potential delayed effects	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
<u>P</u>	otential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>		
	General	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
	Carcinogenicity	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
	Mutagenicity	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
	Teratogenicity	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
	Developmental effects	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.
l	Fertility effects	: No know	/n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity



### Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol Chromium	Acute LC50 1300000 µg/L Fresh water Acute EC50 0.2 ppm Marine water Acute EC50 5 ppm Marine water Acute EC50 35000 µg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 45 µg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 22 µg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 13.9 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Algae - Bacillariophyta Algae - Macrocystis pyrifera - Young Aquatic plants - Lemna minor Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia reticulata Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Anguilla rostrata	96 hours 72 hours 4 days 4 days 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 50 mg/L Marine water Chronic NOEC 0.19 µg/L Fresh water	Algae - Glenodinium halli Fish - Cyprinus carpio	72 hours 4 weeks

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.





# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

**AERG** : Not applicable

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Chromium
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA 302/304	
No products were found.	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: Not applicable.
Composition/information	on ingredients
Name	Classification
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

#### **SARA 313**



## Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5
Supplier notification	2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.	
New York	: None of the components are listed.	
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	
Pennsylvania	: None of the components are listed.	
<u>California Prop. 65</u>		

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

Canada	
Canadian lists	
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
Canada inventory (DSL NDSL)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Section 16 Other	information

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3		Calculation method
<u>History</u>		
Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	: 08/15/2019	
Date of previous issue	: 04/15/2018	
Version	: 4	
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.	

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

